HARVARD UNIVERSITY

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June 20, 2023

The Honorable Brian Schatz Chair, Committee on Indian Affairs United States Senate

The Honorable Catherine Cortez Masto United States Senate

The Honorable Mazie K. Hirono United States Senate

The Honorable Patty Murray United States Senate

The Honorable Kyrsten Sinema United States Senate

The Honorable Dan Sullivan United States Senate

The Honorable Elizabeth Warren United States Senate

Dear Senators,

The Honorable Lisa Murkowski Vice Chair, Committee on Indian Affairs United States Senate

The Honorable Martin Heinrich United States Senate

The Honorable Ben Ray Luján United States Senate

The Honorable Alex Padilla United States Senate

The Honorable Tina Smith United States Senate

The Honorable Jon Tester United States Senate

Thank you for your April 20, 2023, letter regarding the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) and Harvard's efforts to meet the spirit as well as the requirements of the law and implementation regulations.

While I have asked the leadership of the Harvard Peabody Museum of Archaeology and Ethnology to provide more detailed information to your questions in the attached memorandum, Harvard University recognizes that ancestral remains and cultural items have remained in our museum collections for too long. Like many in the museum and university communities, Harvard has been working to confront the reality of a past in which academic curiosity and opportunity overwhelmed humanity. As an institution, we have apologized for the past collecting practices and we have accelerated our efforts to advance return in a way that is careful, respectful, and expeditious.

Harvard has an unusually large and unique engagement with NAGPRA. Over the university's hundreds-year long history, it has been designated by Congress and by many federal and state agencies as a repository of collections and key partner in the study of America's past. This history of collecting and the geographic breadth of the work have

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meant Harvard, through the Peabody Museum, has needed to engage with almost all Tribes across the Nation. We have learned a great deal from these consultations, conversations, and relationships and appreciate the knowledgeable, generous, and thoughtful partners we have met as we strive to fulfil the legal, ethical, and moral imperative of NAGPRA.

I hope the attached is helpful to the Committee on Indian Affairs and to the Committee's important work examining NAGPRA.

Sincerely,

Lawrence Bacow

Memorandum to Senators and Members of the Committee on Indian Affairs June 20, 2023

At the request of President Lawrence Bacow, I am pleased to provide further information on the implementation of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act of 1990 ("NAGPRA") at Harvard University. The Peabody Museum of Archaeology and Ethnology ("Harvard Peabody Museum" or "Peabody") has coordinated the university's compliance (reflecting action around the collections at the Peabody and the Warren Anatomical Museum at the Harvard Medical School) with NAGPRA, employing experienced and expert staff who are dedicated to NAGPRA implementation.

Overview

When NAGPRA was enacted the Harvard Peabody Museum cared for more than 10,000 Native American ancestors and many thousands of their funerary belongings from nearly every state in the Nation. The majority of the collection came from scientists, academics, and others, who worked during the late 19th and first half of the 20th century to study "America's past" through large-scale archaeological excavations which were often supported by the Federal government. Harvard was among the most frequent recipients of federal collecting permits at that time.

Since the passage of NAGPRA, there have been shifts in guidance and requirements, which we have embraced, including an increased weight given to geographic affiliation and the scope and nature of treaty documentation. These changes have had significant impact on the nature and pace of implementation of repatriation.

Beyond the changes in federal policies, the university itself, under the leadership of President Lawrence S. Bacow, has worked to transform its stewardship of collections and museums across the campus. This includes the formation of the Peabody Museum NAGPRA Advisory Committee in 2020 that reviews and advises on NAGPRA implementation activities, and the Peabody Faculty Executive Committee in 2019 that provides broad counsel to the Peabody on issues related to the ethical stewardship of the collections.

In January 2021, Harvard University President Bacow publicly <u>apologized</u> for the university's past privileging of those earlier academic pursuits that resulted in Harvard having collected thousands of ancestral remains. The university-wide statement was made alongside a <u>formal apology</u> from the Peabody. President Bacow also announced at that time the formation of a Steering Committee on Human Remains in the University's Museum Collections, to make recommendations for the care of ancestral remains at the university's museums. The Steering Committee's Fall 2022 <u>report</u> made many recommendations, including that the university accelerate its implementation of NAGPRA and the ethical and moral imperative it represents. The work of the Committee also advances respectful stewardship of all ancestral remains at the university, more than half of which are not subject to NAGPRA.

Progress and Resources

In 2001, the Peabody, as with other museums, completed its inventories for the ancestral remains that were known at the time, following a process guided by the U.S. Department of the Interior that involved an extension to the 1995 deadline. During the inventory process, the Peabody was in communication with all 574 federally recognized Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian Organizations, as well as many state-recognized tribes and other native groups. Inventories are

updated if needed as a part of NAGPRA consultation and if additional information becomes available. As of June 1, 2023, the university has published 205 Federal Register Notices and returned 4,309 ancestors and more than 10,000 funerary belongings, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony from 35 states to more than 250 Tribal Nations. Attached and available at this <u>link</u> is a full listing of the notices filed by the Peabody and the Warren Anatomical Museum. In addition, the Peabody has, following NAGPRA consultations and in partnership with Native Nations, returned other items that fall outside of NAGPRA. In 2023, a rare, complete kayak was returned to the community-owned Alutiiq Museum, Kodiak, AK to be cared for by the community (https://alutiiqmuseum-january-24-2023).

In Fall 2022, at the same time as the University's Steering Committee on Human Remains report was issued, the Peabody announced a NAGPRA Disposition Project to complete disposition of ancestors and their associated funerary belongings within the next three years. The Peabody has hired new staff dedicated to this project, more than doubling the number of people focused on implementing NAGPRA. The university now has one of, if not the, largest museum staff dedicated to NAGPRA in the country. This staff is continually engaged in ongoing consultations and is working to accelerate its work through proactive outreach to Tribes across the Nation. The Peabody typically consults with 50-75 different Tribes annually.

The foundation of this work is respectful consultation. Staff aim to be responsive and sensitive to Tribal timelines and priorities, which must take precedence over the Peabody's goals of moving quickly. For example, we have found some Tribes wish to first focus on working with museums in their state or region on repatriation or item return. Some Tribes prioritize synchronized repatriation among multiple institutions, while others are working in larger confederations around particular regions. Attentiveness to these Tribal efforts is a key responsibility of our staff and a crucial aspect of care and collaboration to advance the goal of return.

Reflections on the Existing Regulatory Framework

Just as museums, academic disciplines, and society have recognized the legacy of the deeply flawed practices of the past, the U.S. Department of the Interior has also evolved its approach to the implementation of NAGPRA. Early regulation focused on the repatriation of ancestors and cultural items more easily identified with the Tribal nations of today. Later regulations focused on the return of ancestors with complex antiquity, that is, relationships of identity through time and across places, as well as those ancestors with little or no collections documentation.

We appreciate the work of the U.S. Department of the Interior, through the National Park Service that houses the National NAGPRA office, to keep regulations up-to-date and responsive to larger concerns. We would welcome additional clarity at a national level, because in many instances institutions must make decisions individually with the risk that interpretations may be inconsistent with decisions made at other institutions and museums. As an example, sorting through historic treaties, maps, and royal charters to determine which are authoritative government documents that can properly identify Tribal lands under the Act is a complicated task for Peabody staff and Tribal Nations alike. National NAGPRA briefly maintained, but recently removed, an online resource listing authoritative government documents that could be relied on in making decisions to associate and return ancestors and cultural items. This type of resource helped all institutions implement the regulatory emphasis on historical geographical territories that often requires consultations with multiple Tribal Nations.

We have also struggled with accommodating the interests of non-federally recognized Tribes.

While many of these groups are recognized in historical documents and often have formal recognition at the state level, they do not have status under NAGPRA. We have found in many instances that federally recognized Tribes are ready and willing to coordinate with them and act on their behalf, which can speed the process and make for stronger, widely supported outcomes. But there is not always inter-tribal cooperation, and this can create significant obstacles to completing a repatriation to a non-federally recognized tribe.

The following are responses to the questions contained in your April 20, 2023, letter. Certain responses refer to additional documents, and some responses contain website links that provide further information. The university's large collection and long history often require a longer explanation; however, we attempt to provide concise answers where possible.

We have also included examples to illustrate our points. These examples represent standard processes as well as details of interpretation for specific cases. From straightforward to complex, from 1993 to present, and sometimes in partnership with other entities (federal agencies and nonfederally recognized Native American groups), these examples represent the process as it has changed over time since NAGPRA's enactment and provide a brief indication of the variety of factors accounted for within the process. Each case, however, is distinct. The documents that are required by NAGPRA as background for these Notices are publicly available from the National NAGPRA Program, and we are happy to provide further detail upon request.

1) Please describe in detail how your institution determines if there is "a relationship of shared group identity that may be reasonably traced" when your institution is determining the cultural affiliation of NAGPRA-eligible items or ancestral remains, and explain how your institution interprets and applies the terms "totality of the circumstances" and "preponderance of the evidence" when making such determinations.

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7 43 C.F.R. § 10.8(f); 43 C.F.R. § 10.9(e)(ii)(iv); 43 C.F.R. § 10.14(d). 8 25 U.S.C. § 3005(a)(4).
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The university follows the steps detailed in the regulations to determine if the criteria for cultural affiliation are met. Each inventory entry documents the details for the particular case and has been submitted by the Peabody to the U.S. Department of the Interior National NAGPRA Program as specified by the regulations.

To determine cultural affiliation, given the scope of the Peabody's collection, we first assess if the ancestor or cultural item is "Native American" as defined in the Act. We then identify information for initiation of consultation to provide the final "required information" as required under Section 10.9(c) of the NAGPRA regulations. We assess the "readily available" documentation, especially as it relates to geography and culture, as outlined on the list in Section 10.2(e)(1). This information is provided to Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations (in all cases requirements include Alaska Native Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations) according to Section 10.9(b) of the regulations.

We now use interactive online tools developed to share information quickly and accessibly with Tribes. We specifically request the Tribe's assessment of the evidence provided and request further information from the Tribe. We then confirm our understanding of the Tribe's evidence by reviewing the draft inventory finding together with Tribal representatives.

The nature of the history of the collection, which included large scale archaeological excavations

that involved detailed data collection, means there are multiple lines of evidence that may be used to examine and ultimately support the NAGPRA determinations. While helpful, that information is not a closed set, and we always look for ways to incorporate new understandings and knowledge that emerge from consultations, the work of other museums, or from information shared by the National NAGPRA office. Some cases are relatively straightforward, involving a single Tribal Nation or Tribal consortium. In other cases, information can support a specific Tribal affiliation even if there are multiple Tribes who have been in a particular area over time.

In these determinations, the Peabody interprets and applies the terms "totality of the circumstances" and "preponderance of evidence" according to the regulations. The "totality" includes careful review of all readily available evidence at the Peabody and information from the Tribe(s) in the nine categories described in the regulations (geographical, kinship, biological, archeological, anthropological, linguistic, folklore, oral tradition, historical evidence, or other information or expert opinion) in Section 10.2(e)(1). The Peabody interprets "preponderance of evidence" as we understand the regulation intends, i.e., that it is more likely than not there is a shared group identity.

- 2) Please describe the process your institution undertakes to determine
 - a. When there is sufficient evidence to proceed with repatriation; and
 - b. When a cultural item or ancestral remain is culturally unidentifiable.

Each NAGPRA case is distinct and can run the gamut from straightforward to complex. Consultation frequently results in determinations of cultural affiliation. It provides the opportunity to bring new knowledge and traditional understandings into the process supporting the development and publication of notices leading to repatriation. There is sufficient evidence to proceed with "repatriation" (as defined in the Act and regulations) when it is more likely than not that the ancestor or cultural item should be returned to a particular Tribe. If not, the regulations point us to the term "disposition" for the return. Each matter must be handled on a case-by-case basis, and thus may differ in process, as the following examples illustrate:

An example of a recent relatively straightforward case for cultural affiliation is this 2022 notice to the Chickasaw Nation, when a cultural designation for an ancestor from an unknown location was found in Peabody documentation:

https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2022-05-13/pdf/2022-10265.pdf

Another example, following initial NAGPRA implementation guidance from the U.S. Department of the Interior to focus on cases where cultural designation was present in Peabody documentation and otherwise readily identifiable in terms of cultural affiliation, was the repatriation of ancestors from Pecos Pueblo to the Pueblo of Jemez. This repatriation was among the largest to take place under NAGPRA comprising 1,921 ancestors and 553 funerary belongings:

https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2001-10-09/pdf/01-25154.pdf

Additional consultation led to cultural affiliation for ancestors and funerary belongings from Moundville, Alabama. When the first inventories were completed, consultation had not resulted in a relationship of shared group identity for ancestors and funerary belongings from the site. Subsequent evidence, which is detailed in this follow-up summary under the NAGPRA regulation's Section 10.13 future applicability process, supported both a finding of shared group identity and identification of items as funerary belongings:

https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2022-12-15/pdf/2022-27182.pdf

Consultation for ancestors and funerary belongings from New Hampshire and Vermont led to a special request to the Secretary of the Interior and formal support by Native American Tribes to recommend repatriation to non-federally recognized entities. The consultation process with neighboring and relevant federally recognized tribes and in-state non-federally recognized Native American entities resulted in evidence to support shared group identity with non-federally recognized entities and a mutually agreeable disposition to them: https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2001-10-09/pdf/01-25154.pdf

If the consultation process does not result in cultural affiliation, then a determination of "culturally unidentifiable" is reached. When a cultural item or ancestral remain is culturally unidentifiable, Peabody follows the requirements specified in the NAGPRA regulations, Section 10.11. This requires that Peabody initiate consultation with officials and traditional religious leaders of all Indian tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations from whose Tribal lands such items were removed. If no Tribe agrees to accept the items, the Peabody relies on a recommendation from the Secretary of the Interior regarding disposition.

 Please describe the processes and methods your institution uses to gather and utilize Native traditional knowledge when determining the cultural affiliation of NAGPRA-eligible items or ancestral remains.

As emphasized by NAGPRA, consultation is central to gathering and understanding Native traditional knowledge, which can inform any of the nine categories of evidence outlined in the regulations. Beyond direct consultation, Peabody NAGPRA staff work to stay informed and up to date with developments in Tribal communities and in other consultations at museums and agencies, and to incorporate new knowledge that may be emerging in those forums in the ongoing work at the university.

 Please provide examples of when your institution has used only Native traditional knowledge to culturally affiliate NAGPRA-eligible items or ancestral remains.

Each of the numerous categories of evidence that are listed in NAGPRA's definition of cultural affiliation has the potential to be informed by Native traditional knowledge. At the university, the history of collecting via scholarly archaeological excavations, and the direction of the regulations to consider all "readily available evidence," usually means there will be documentation of some kind that is considered in addition to Native traditional knowledge.

Native traditional knowledge is evidence frequently learned via consultation. In the very first Federal Register notice submitted by the Peabody in 1993, which was for repatriation to the Pueblo of Zuni, Native traditional knowledge identified the Ahayu'ada as a sacred object and object of cultural patrimony. Another example of Native traditional knowledge being central to developing evidence is the repatriation of Haudenosaunee, New York Medicine faces, detailed in the summary and 2010 Notice:

https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2010-03-02/pdf/2010-4213.pdf.

- Please describe each allegation filed with the National NAGPRA Program regarding your institution's failure to comply with NAGPRA, including a summary of the circumstances and outcomes of the allegation(s).
 - a. If your institution requested an informal discussion with the Secretary pursuant to 43 C.F.R. § 10.12(f)(1) in response to an allegation, please provide copies of all documents provided to, or received from, the Secretary in connection with the request.
 - If an allegation of your institution's failure to comply with NAGPRA resulted in a notice of a failure to comply, please describe
 - the steps your institution took to address the allegation, including the date on which the institution was informed of the allegation;
 - ii. the reason for the allegation, whether or not a request for informal discussion was made or occurred:
 - iii. the final determination of the Department of the Interior and the reason or reasons given for the determination;
 - iv. the court's decision in any appeal your institution filed challenging the Department's determination;
 - a civil action, if any, instituted by the U.S. Attorney General against your institution to collect a penalty; and
 - any corrective or remedial actions taken in response to an allegation or series of allegations, including but not limited to changes to applicable policies or procedures.

The university has received two notices of failure to comply with NAGPRA.

In November 2009 members of Hui Malama I Na Kupuna O Hawai'i Nei (Hui Malama) alleged that Harvard's Warren Anatomical Museum had the human remains of at minimum eight Native Hawaiian individuals and had not completed an inventory listing the remains of these individuals by November 16, 1995. The university received notice of this allegation on April 28, 2010. In a written response to the U.S. Department of the Interior on June 14, 2010, the university described the history of the Warren, noting that by 1989 it was no longer a functioning museum. At the time, Harvard officials believed that all ancestral remains categorized by the Warren as "ethnological" had been permanently loaned to the Peabody as part of a major transfer to the Peabody on May 8, 1959. In 2007, Harvard Medical School hired a curator for the Warren collection. During this person's cataloguing of the collections, he identified potentially NAGPRA-relevant ancestral remains. After hearing this, the university immediately began the steps to determine if the remains were subject to NAGPRA and, having made this determination, took steps to repatriate them. On April 20, 2009, the university completed the inventory for the eight individuals that were the subject of the allegation and published a Notice of Inventory Completion on May 7, 2009.

On September 16, 2010, the U.S. Department of the Interior concluded that Harvard's failure to inventory these remains prior to November 16, 1995, was substantiated. The Assistant Secretary noted that Harvard came into compliance after discovering the existence of these remains and prior to Hui Malama's written allegation. Based on the totality of the evidence, the DOI determined that a civil penalty against the university was not an appropriate remedy.

On April 28, 2023, Harvard was notified that the U.S. Department of the Interior is evaluating an allegation that the Peabody may have failed to comply with NAGPRA regulations related to the university's handling of certain Woodbury Collection hair clippings. The university is in touch with the National NAGPRA program and is cooperating with the Department.

- 6) Please describe the process your institution undertakes to complete summaries and inventories pursuant to 43 C.F.R. § 10.8 and 43 C.F.R. § 10.9, including the average length of time for completion and the average length of time to send the required Notice of Intent to Repatriate to the Manager of the National NAGPRA program.
 - a. For each summary prepared by your institution, please explain whether the determination listed in the summary as sacred, possibly sacred, patrimonial or unassociated funerary objects was made by i) museum staff or ii) in consultation with tribal representatives or iii) some combination of (i) and (ii).
 - b. For each inventory prepared by your institution, please explain whether the determination of human remains or associated funerary objects as either culturally affiliated or unaffiliated was made by i) museum staff or ii) in consultation with tribal representatives or iii) some combination of (i) and (ii).

Each summary and inventory include the details for the particular case and have been submitted by the Peabody to the U.S. Department of the Interior National NAGPRA Program as specified by the regulations. Determinations required by NAGPRA and its implementing regulations are made by Peabody staff in consultation with Tribal representatives. Initial work is conducted by staff of Harvard, consultants to Harvard, or consultants recommended by the relevant Tribe, using "readily available information." This information is provided to Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations (in all cases requirements include Alaska Native Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations) according to Section 10.9(b) of the regulations, and the Peabody specifically requests a Tribal assessment of the evidence provided and requests further information from the Tribe. We confirm our understanding of the Tribe's evidence by reviewing the draft findings with Tribal representatives.

While each ancestor must be considered individually, consultation usually results in geographical grouping. Grouping can decrease the average length of time for completion of repatriation. The complexity and volume of organizing the groupings for the geographically varied collection at the Peabody significantly impact the process. There were more than 1,000 unique geographic locations, which included nearly every state. As a result of NAGPRA implementation, almost 600 sites are now represented, and they are the focus of accelerated grouped implementation efforts. A table listing the number of geographic localities by state is attached and available at this link.

The time to prepare summaries and inventories, as well as to prepare and send a Notice of Intent to Repatriate to the National NAGPRA Program, differs in each case. A complex example of a multi-year effort proceeding to a Notice of Intent to Repatriate is the consultation for ancestors and funerary belongings from New Jersey, which spanned 1998 – 2021. This process took time because the Tribes wanted to coordinate dispositions among nearly 10 museums and large collections:

https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2021-08-11/pdf/2021-17063.pdf

7) Please describe the process your institution undertakes to determine if cultural items or ancestral remains are not culturally affiliated, including the length of time, on average, it takes to notify the Manager of the National NAGPRA program. Under Section 10.11 of the regulations, the process typically begins with a large number of officials representing Tribal Nations with aboriginal lands discussing how a mutually agreeable disposition will proceed. The regulations' emphasis on geography, rather than shared group identity, means that in some cases more than 50 Tribes, each with an aboriginal land right, have an equal role in directing a given disposition. Tribes have been developing regional groups to help streamline the obligation to consult with relevant Tribes while enabling consultation to move forward in an efficient way.

As noted above in the recent example of this work from New Jersey, NAGPRA's emphasis on consultation directs the pace of implementation. The Peabody follows this requirement and is responsive to Tribes. Some repatriations are accomplished within a few months, but many take longer and span a period of years. However, once a determination is reached the Peabody works expeditiously to submit the draft notice to the National NAGPRA office for publication in the Federal Register.

8) Please explain any discrepancies between your institution's estimate of the number of cultural items and culturally unidentifiable remains in your institution's possession or control, and the number reported by the National NAGPRA Program.

Historically, there have been discrepancies between the Peabody's submissions to National NAGPRA and the museum's database. The Peabody regularly checks that the data are accurate and informs staff at National NAGPRA of any errors, who are responsive in correcting.

Discrepancies can be large. For example, National NAGPRA removed museum information from Alabama from its inventory in 2005, and Georgia was not included in inventories in 2022.

Ongoing consultations can also lead to differences between the Peabody's estimate and the numbers reported in the National NAGPRA database, as there are time delays in updating the database when there are new notices and filings. For example, within the last three years, the Minimum Number of Individuals ("MNI") of ancestors was reduced as additional information during consultation allowed the reassociation of individuals. As part of another consultation, tribal knowledge enabled additional funerary belongings to be identified, and some belongings moved from the culturally unidentifiable category to being culturally affiliated.

9) Please provide an inventory of any human remains that are in your possession, but controlled by another agency or institution. Please also note what effort, if any, has been taken to ensure the possession of these items comply with NAGPRA.

With NAGPRA's passage, the Peabody prepared inventories for all known collections in its possession but controlled by another entity and, to the best of its ability, tried to determine which federal agencies had legal control of the individual collection. Agencies with collections at the Peabody, past and present, include the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service; U.S. Department of Defense, Navy; U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Bureau of Land Management, National Park Service, and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service; and the Smithsonian Institution. We note that the totality of the Peabody's multiple communication efforts with federal agencies over three decades are available in the public record of those agencies.

In closing, I hope this information is helpful in your work. Should you have further questions about the university's implementation, please be in touch with me or Suzanne Day in Harvard's Office of Federal Relations in D.C., <u>suzanne_day@harvard.edu</u>.

Jane Pickering
William & Muriel Seabury Howells Director
Peabody Museum of Archaeology and Ethnology
Harvard University
jpickering@fas.harvard.edu

Attachments:

- 1. NAGPRA Notices from the Peabody Museum of Archaeology and Ethnology
- 2. NAGPRA Notices from the Warren Anatomical Museum, Harvard
- 3. Peabody Museum Unique Sites by State

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These responses are submitted by Harvard University and the Peabody Museum in response to the April 20, 2023, letter from Senate Indian Affairs Chairman Brian Schatz, Vice Chair Lisa Murkowski, and several other Senators.

The university has in good faith worked to provide accurate and appropriate information responsive to this detailed inquiry. The response provided is based on reasonably available information and is not intended to, and does not, capture all information related to the implementation of NAGPRA. In providing this information and documentation, Harvard University does not waive, nor does it intend to waive, any rights or privileges with respect to this inquiry by the Committee, including any applicable attorney-client or attorney-work-product or evidentiary privilege.

		Peab	ody Museum of Archaeology and Ethnology, Harvard University NAGPRA Federal Register Notices	
Pub. Date	FR Doc. #	<u>Provenience</u>	Cultural Affiliation/ Disposition	Link
3/15/1993	93-5843	New Mexico	Zuni Tribe of the Zuni Reservation, New Mexico	93-5843 Notice.pdf
5/7/1993	93-10848	Rhode Island	Narragansett Indian Tribe	93-10848_Notice.pdf
10/5/1993	93-24449	Nebraska	Northern Cheyenne Tribe of the Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation, Montana	93-24449_Notice.pdf
2/28/1994	94-4492	Hawaii	Hui Malama I Na Kupuna O Hawai'i Nei	https://www.federalregister.gov/d/94-4492
4/29/1996	06-10543	New Mexico	Pueblo of Cochiti; Pueblo of Santo Domingo; Pueblo of San Felipe; Pueblo of Santa Ana; Pueblo of San Ildefonso; Pueblo of Santa Clara; Pueblo of Pojoaque; Pueblo of Tesuque; Pueblo of Nambe; Pueblo of San Juan; Pueblo of Zia	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1996-04-29/pdf/96-10543.pdf
5/10/1996	96-11791	Unknown	Blackfeet Tribe of the Blackfeet Indian Reservation of Montana	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1996-05-10/pdf/96-11791.pdf
5/17/1996	96-12495	Washington	Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe of Washington; Lower Elwha Tribal Community of the Lower Elwha Reservation, Washington; Port Gamble Indian Community of the Port Gamble Reservation, Washington	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1996-05-17/pdf/96-12495.pdf
9/26/1996	96-24687	Arizona	Ak-Chin Indian Community; Gila River Indian Community; Salt River Pima- Maricopa Indian Community; Tohono-O'odham Nation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1996-09-26/pdf/96-24687.pdf
1/16/1997	97-1068	Connecticut	Mohegan Indian Tribe of Connecticut	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1997-01-16/pdf/97-1068.pdf
3/12/1997	97-6183	Arizona	Hopi Tribe of Arizona	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1997-03-12/pdf/97-6183.pdf
9/3/1997	97-23367	Dakota Territory	Assiniboine and Sioux Tribes of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, Montana; Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe of the Cheyenne River Reservation, South Dakota; Spirit Lake Tribe, North Dakota; Standing Rock Sioux Tribe of North & South Dakota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1997-09-03/pdf/97-23367.pdf
9/15/1997	X97-20915	Dakota Territory	Assiniboine and Sioux Tribes of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, Montana; Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe of the Cheyenne River Reservation, South Dakota; Spirit Lake Tribe, North Dakota; Standing Rock Sioux Tribe of North & South Dakota	n/a
9/15/1997	97-24374	Rhode Island	Wampanoag Confederation; Narragansett Indian Tribe; Narragansett Indian Tribe; Nipmuc Nation (non-Federally Recognized)	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1997-09-15/pdf/97-24374.pdf
10/3/1997	97-26245	Arizona	Hopi Tribe; Pueblo of Zuni	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1997-10-03/pdf/97-26245.pdf
1/12/1998	98-661	Maine	Penobscot Tribe of Maine; Passamaquoddy Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1998-01-12/pdf/98-661.pdf
2/18/1998	98-4013	Arizona	Ak-Chin Indian Community; Gila River Indian Community; Salt River Pima- Maricopa Indian Community; Tohono-O'odham Nation; Hopi Tribe; Pueblo of Zuni	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk
3/3/1998	98-5408	Florida	Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida; Seminole Nation of Oklahoma; Seminole Tribe of Florida, Dania, Big Cypress, Brighton, Hollywood & Tampa Reservations	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1998-03-03/pdf/98-5408.pdf
7/22/1998	98-19536	New Mexico	Hopi Tribe; Pueblo of Acoma; Pueblo of Zuni	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1998-07-22/pdf/98-19536.pdf
10/2/1998	98-26420	California	Hoopa Valley Tribe, California	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1998-10-02/pdf/98-26420.pdf
10/13/1998	98-27320	New Mexico	Pueblo of Jemez	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1998-10-13/pdf/98-27320.pdf

Pub. Date	FR Doc. #	<u>Provenience</u>	Cultural Affiliation/ Disposition	Link
10/13/1998	98-27321	New Mexico	Pueblo of Jemez	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1998-10-13/pdf/98-27321.pdf
10/30/1998	98-29093	Massachusetts	Wampanoag Confederation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1998-10-30/pdf/98-29093.pdf
12/17/1998	98-33448	Oregon	Confederated Tribes of the Grand Ronde Community of Oregon	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1998-12-17/pdf/98-33448.pdf
4/9/1999	98-8887	New Mexico	Pueblo of Jemez	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1999-04-09/pdf/99-8887.pdf
4/14/1999	99-9324	New Mexico	Pueblo of Jemez	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1999-04-14/pdf/99-9324.pdf
4/14/1999	99-9325	New Mexico	Pueblo of Jemez	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1999-04-14/pdf/99-9325.pdf
6/16/1999	99-15254	Connecticut	Mashantucket Pequot Tribe of Connecticut; Mohegan Indian Tribe of Connecticut	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1999-04-14/pdf/99-9325.pdf
7/16/1999	99-18124	Dakota Territory	Lower Brule Sioux Tribe of the Lower Brule Reservation, South Dakota; Rosebud Sioux Tribe of the Rosebud Indian Reservation, South Dakota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-1999-07-16/pdf/99-18124.pdf
3/1/2000	00-4826	Georgia	Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2000-03-01/pdf/00-4826.pdf
4/12/2000	00-8997	Alaska	Cape Fox (Teikweidi of Saanya Kwaan)	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2000-04-12/pdf/00-8997.pdf
8/15/2000	00-20700	Rhode Island	Narragansett Indian Tribe; Wampanoag Confederation; Nipmuc Nation (non-Federally Recognized)	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2000-08-15/pdf/00-20700.pdf
8/16/2000	00-20823	Oklahoma	Caddo Nation of Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2000-08-16/pdf/00-20823.pdf
8/29/2000	00-21975	Nebraska	Pawnee Nation of Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2000-08-29/pdf/00-21975.pdf
9/12/2000	00-23379	Dakota Territory	Assiniboine and Sioux Tribes of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, Montana; Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe of the Cheyenne River Reservation, South Dakota; Spirit Lake Tribe, North Dakota; Standing Rock Sioux Tribe of North & South Dakota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2000-09-12/pdf/00-23379.pdf
10/12/2000	00-26145	Oregon	Klamath Tribes, Oregon	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2000-10-12/pdf/00-26145.pdf
11/22/2000	00-29834	California	Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians of the Big Valley Rancheria, California	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2000-11-22/pdf/00-29834.pdf
12/6/2000	00-30997	Nebraka	Ponca Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma; Ponca Tribe of Nebraska	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2000-12-06/pdf/00-30997.pdf
2/9/2001	01-3356	Arkansas	Osage Tribe, Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-02-09/pdf/01-3356.pdf
2/20/2001	01-4081	Montana	Crow Tribe of Montana	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-02-20/pdf/01-4081.pdf
2/20/2001	01-4079	Alabama	Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma; Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians, Mississippi	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-02-20/pdf/01-4079.pdf
3/9/2001	01-5943	Georgia	Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town, Oklahoma; Kialegee Tribal Town, Oklahoma; Muscogee (Creek) Nation, Oklahoma; Poarch Band of Creek Indians of Alabama; Thlopthlocco Tribal Town, Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-09/pdf/01-5943.pdf
3/9/2001	01-5942	Georgia	Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town, Oklahoma; Kialegee Tribal Town, Oklahoma; Muscogee (Creek) Nation, Oklahoma; Poarch Band of Creek Indians of Alabama; Thlopthlocco Tribal Town, Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-09/pdf/01-5942.pdf
3/20/2001	01-6896	Michigan	Saginaw Chippewa Indian Tribe of Michigan, Isabella Reservation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-20/pdf/01-6896.pdf

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3/20/2001	01-6850	California	Mendocino County Intertribal Repatriation Committee consisting of:; Cahto Indian Tribe of the Laytonville Rancheria, California; Coyote Valley Band of Pomo Indians of California; Guidiville Rancheria of California; Hopland Band of Pomo Indians of the Hopland Rancheria, California; Manchester Band of Pomo Indians of the Manchester-Point Arena Rancheria, California; Pinoleville Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Potter Valley Tribe, California; Redwood Valley Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Round Valley Indian Tribes of the Round Valley Reservation, California; Sherwood Valley Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-20/pdf/01-6850.pdf
3/20/2001	01-6842	Montana	Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana; Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians of North Dakota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-20/pdf/01-6842.pdf
3/20/2001	01-6849	Nebraska	Pawnee Nation of Oklahoma; Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation, North Dakota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-20/pdf/01-6849.pdf
3/20/2001	01-6846	Michigan	Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians of Michigan	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-20/pdf/01-6846.pdf
3/20/2001	01-6895	Michigan	Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-20/pdf/01-6895.pdf
3/20/2001	01-6841	South Dakota	Oglala Sioux Tribe of the Pine Ridge Reservation, South Dakota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-20/pdf/01-6841.pdf
3/20/2001	01-6848	California	Kumeyaay consisting of:; Barona Group of Capitan Grande Band of Mission Indians of the Barona Reservation, California; Campo Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the Campo Indian Reservation, California; Ewiiaapaayp Band of Kumeyaay Indians, California (formerly Cuyapaipe Community of Diegueno); Inaja Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the Inaja and Cosmit Reservation, California; Jamul Indian Village of California; La Posta Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the La Posta Indian Reservation, California; Manzanita Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the Manzanita Reservation, California; Mesa Grande Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of California; San Pasqual Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the Santa Ysabel Reservation, California; Sycuan Band of the Kumeyaay Nation; Viejas (Baron Long) Group of Capitan Grande Band of Mission Indians of the Viejas Reservation, California	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-20/pdf/01-6848.pdf
3/20/2001	01-6851	Nebraska	Pawnee Nation of Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-20/pdf/01-6851.pdf
3/26/2001	01-7381	California	Klamath Tribes, Oregon	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-26/pdf/01-7381.pdf
3/26/2001	01-7384	Oregon	Klamath Tribes, Oregon	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-26/pdf/01-7384.pdf
3/26/2001	01-7383	Texas	Comanche Nation, Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-26/pdf/01-7383.pdf
3/26/2001	01-7435	No Info. ("Sauk Indians")	Sac & Fox Nation of Missouri in Kansas and Nebraska; Sac & Fox Nation, Oklahoma; Sac & Fox Tribe of the Mississippi in Iowa	
3/26/2001	01-7437	Michigan	Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-03-26/pdf/01-7437.pdf
4/3/2001	01-8169	North Dakota	Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation, North Dakota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-04-03/pdf/01-8169.pdf
4/3/2001	01-8171	"Comanche" from "Plains Region"	Comanche Nation, Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-04-03/pdf/01-8171.pdf
4/3/2001	01-8172	"Siouan, Ogallaga" from "Plains Reg."	Oglala Sioux Tribe of the Pine Ridge Reservation, South Dakota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-04-03/pdf/01-8172.pdf
4/3/2001 4/3/2001	01-8173	Washington California	Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Nation, Washington; Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation, Washington; Nez Perce Tribe of Idaho; Karuk Tribe of California	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-04-03/pdf/01-8173.pdf https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-04-03/pdf/01-8174.pdf

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4/3/2001	01-8170	South Dakota	Assiniboine and Sioux Tribes of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, Montana; Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe of the Cheyenne River Reservation, South Dakota; Crow Creek Sioux Tribe of the Crow Creek Reservation, South Dakota; Flandreau Santee Sioux Tribe of South Dakota; Lower Brule Sioux Tribe of the Lower Brule Reservation, South Dakota; Lower Sioux Indian Community in the State of Minnesota; Oglala Sioux Tribe of the Pine Ridge Reservation, South Dakota; Rosebud Sioux Tribe of the Rosebud Indian Reservation, South Dakota; Santee Sioux Nation, Nebraska; Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community of Minnesota; Sisseton-Wahpeton Oyate of the Lake Traverse Reservation, South Dakota; Spirit Lake Tribe, North Dakota; Standing Rock Sioux Tribe of North & South Dakota; Upper Sioux Community, Minnesota; Yankton Sioux Tribe of South Dakota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-04-03/pdf/01-8170.pdf
4/9/2001	01-8681	California	Berry Creek Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California; Enterprise Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California; Greenville Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California; Mechoopda Indian Tribe of Chico Rancheria, California; Mooretown Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California; Susanville Indian Rancheria, California	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-04-09/pdf/01-8681.pdf
4/9/2001	01-8682	South Dakota	Yankton Sioux Tribe of South Dakota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-04-09/pdf/01-8682.pdf
4/12/2001	01-8986	South Dakota	Yankton Sioux Tribe of South Dakota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-04-12/pdf/01-8986.pdf
4/12/2001	01-8984	"Menomonee"	Menominee Indian Tribe of Wisconsin	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-04-12/pdf/01-8984.pdf
4/12/2001	01-8982	Nebraksa	Pawnee Nation of Oklahoma; Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation, North Dakota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-04-12/pdf/01-8982.pdf
4/12/2001	01-8985	Iowa	Sac & Fox of Missouri in KS & NE; Sac & Fox /OK; Sac & Fox of Mississippi in Iowa	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-04-12/pdf/01-8985.pdf
4/12/2001	01-8983	Kansas	Kaw Nation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-04-12/pdf/01-8983.pdf
5/14/2001	01-12020	South Dakota	Assiniboine and Sioux Tribes of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, Montana; Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe of the Cheyenne River Reservation, South Dakota; Crow Creek Sioux Tribe of the Crow Creek Reservation, South Dakota; Flandreau Santee Sioux Tribe of South Dakota; Lower Brule Sioux Tribe of the Lower Brule Reservation, South Dakota; Lower Sioux Indian Community in the State of Minnesota; Oglala Sioux Tribe of the Pine Ridge Reservation, South Dakota; Rosebud Sioux Tribe of the Rosebud Indian Reservation, South Dakota; Santee Sioux Nation, Nebraska; Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community of Minnesota; Sisseton-Wahpeton Oyate of the Lake Traverse Reservation, South Dakota; Spirit Lake Tribe, North Dakota; Standing Rock Sioux Tribe of North & South Dakota; Upper Sioux Community, Minnesota; Yankton Sioux Tribe of South Dakota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2001-05-14/pdf/01-12020.pdf
6/4/2001	01-13964	Washington	Quinault Tribe of the Quinault Reservation, Washington	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-06-04/pdf/01-13964.pdf
6/5/2001	01-14073	Illinois	Iowa Tribe of Kansas and Nebraska; Iowa Tribe of Oklahoma; Peoria Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-06-05/pdf/01-14073.pdf
6/22/2001	01-15719	Oregon	Klamath Tribe of Oregon	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-06-22/pdf/01-15719.pdf
10/4/2001	01-24933	California	Santa Ynez Band of Chumash Mission Indians of the Santa Ynez Reservation, California	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-04/pdf/01-24933.pdf
10/4/2001	01-24934	California	Santa Ynez Band of Chumash Mission Indians of the Santa Ynez Reservation, California	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-04/pdf/01-24934.pdf
10/5/2001	01-24959	Arkansas	Caddo Nation of Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-05/pdf/01-24959.pdf

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10/5/2001	01-24967	New York	Seneca Nation of New York; Seneca-Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma; Tonawanda Band of Seneca Indians of New York	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-05/pdf/01-24967.pdf
10/5/2001	01-24963	New York	Cayuga Nation of New York; Oneida Nation of New York; Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin; Onondaga Nation of New York; Seneca Nation of New York; Seneca-Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma; Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe New York; Tonawanda Band of Seneca Indians of New York; Tuscarora Nation of New York	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-05/pdf/01-24963.pdf
10/5/2001	01-24964	New York	Oneida Nation of New York; Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-05/pdf/01-24964.pdf
10/5/2001	01-24966	New York	Oneida Nation of New York; Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-05/pdf/01-24966.pdf
10/5/2001	01-24965	New York	Cayuga Nation of New York; Oneida Nation of New York; Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin; Onondaga Nation of New York; Seneca Nation of New York; Seneca-Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma; Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe New York; Tonawanda Band of Seneca Indians of New York; Tuscarora Nation of New York	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-05/pdf/01-24965.pdf
10/9/2001	01-25154	Vermont, New Hampshire	Abenaki Nation of Missisquoi; Abenaki Nation of New Hampshire	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-09/pdf/01-25154.pdf
10/9/2001	01-25143	Georgia	Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town, Oklahoma; Kialegee Tribal Town, Oklahoma; Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida; Muscogee (Creek) Nation, Oklahoma; Poarch Band of Creek Indians of Alabama; Seminole Nation of Oklahoma; Seminole Tribe of Florida, Dania, Big Cypress, Brighton, Hollywood & Tampa Reservations; Thlopthlocco Tribal Town, Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-09/pdf/01-25143.pdf
10/9/2001	01-25142	Georgia	Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town, Oklahoma; Kialegee Tribal Town, Oklahoma; Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida; Muscogee (Creek) Nation, Oklahoma; Poarch Band of Creek Indians of Alabama; Seminole Nation of Oklahoma; Seminole Tribe of Florida, Dania, Big Cypress, Brighton, Hollywood & Tampa Reservations; Thlopthlocco Tribal Town, Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-09/pdf/01-25142.pdf
10/9/2001	01-25144	Louisiana	Tunica-Biloxi Indian Tribe of Louisiana	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-09/pdf/01-25144.pdf
10/9/2001	01-25146	Arkansas	Caddo Nation of Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-09/pdf/01-25146.pdf
10/9/2001	01-25153	Nevada	Te-Moak Tribe of Western Shoshone Indians of Nevada:; Battle Mountain Band of the Te-Moak Tribe of Western Shoshone Indians of Nevada; Elko Band of the Te-Moak Tribe of Western Shoshone Indians of Nevada; South Fork Band of the Te-Moak Tribe of Western Shoshone Indians of Nevada; Wells Band of the Te-Moak Tribe of Western Shoshone Indians of Nevada; Big Pine Band of Owens Valley Paiute Shoshone Indians of the Big Pine Reservation, California; Death Valley Timbi-Sha Shoshone Band of California; Duckwater Shoshone Tribe of the Duckwater Reservation, Nevada; Ely Shoshone Tribe of Nevada; Fort Independence Indian Community of Paiute Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation, California; Fort McDermitt Paiute and Shoshone Tribes of the Fort McDermitt Indian Reservation, Nevada and Oregon; Paiute-Shoshone Indians of the Bishop Community of the Bishop Colony, California; Paiute-Shoshone Indians of the Lone Pine Community of the Lone Pine Reservation, California; Paiute-Shoshone Tribe of the Fallon Reservation and Colony, Nevada; Reno-Sparks Indian Colony, Nevada; Shoshone-Paiute Tribes of the Duck Valley Reservation, Nevada; Summit Lake Paiute Tribe of Nevada; Winnemucca Indian Colony of Nevada; Yomba Shoshone Tribe of the Yomba Reservation, Nevada;	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2001-10-09/pdf/01-25153.pdf

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10/9/2001	01-25152	Nevada	Te-Moak Tribe of Western Shoshone Indians of Nevada:; Battle Mountain Band of the Te-Moak Tribe of Western Shoshone Indians of Nevada; Elko Band of the Te-Moak Tribe of Western Shoshone Indians of Nevada; South Fork Band of the Te-Moak Tribe of Western Shoshone Indians of Nevada; Wells Band of the Te-Moak Tribe of Western Shoshone Indians of Nevada; Big Pine Band of Owens Valley Paiute Shoshone Indians of the Big Pine Reservation, California; Death Valley Timbi-Sha Shoshone Band of California; Duckwater Shoshone Tribe of the Duckwater Reservation, Nevada; Ely Shoshone Tribe of Nevada; Fort Independence Indian Community of Paiute Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation, California; Fort McDermitt Paiute and Shoshone Tribes of the Fort McDermitt Indian Reservation, Nevada and Oregon; Paiute-Shoshone Indians of the Bishop Community of the Bishop Colony, California; Paiute-Shoshone Indians of the Lone Pine Community of the Lone Pine Reservation, California; Paiute-Shoshone Tribe of the Fallon Reservation and Colony, Nevada; Reno-Sparks Indian Colony, Nevada; Shoshone-Paiute Tribes of the Duck Valley Reservation, Nevada; Summit Lake Paiute Tribe of Nevada; Winnemucca Indian Colony of Nevada; Yomba Shoshone Tribe of the Yomba Reservation, Nevada	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2001-10-09/pdf/01-25152.pdf
3/25/2002	02-7004	Alaska	Kiks.adi clan of Tlingit, Sealaska Corporation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2002-03-25/pdf/02-7004.pdf
3/25/2002	02-7013	Massachusetts	Cultural affiliation: Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head; Cultural Relationship : Assonet Band of the Wampanoag Nation; Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2002-03-25/pdf/02-7013.pdf
3/25/2002	02-7006	Alaksa	Qawalangin Tribe of Unalaska represented by the Oulalashka Corporation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2002-03-25/pdf/02-7006.pdf
3/25/2002	02-7007	Alaksa	Native Village of Unalakleet	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2002-03-25/pdf/02-7007.pdf
3/25/2002	02-7005	Alaska	Native Village of Nikolski represented by the Nikolski IRA Council and Chaluka Corporation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2002-03-25/pdf/02-7005.pdf
3/25/2002	02-7012	Oklahoma	Comanche Nation, Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2002-03-25/pdf/02-7012.pdf
3/7/2003	03-5504	California	Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians of the Big Valley Rancheria	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2003-03-07/pdf/03-5504.pdf
3/14/2003	03-6211	New York	Oneida Nation of New York; Oneida Tribe of Wisconsin; Onondaga Nation of New York	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2003-03-14/pdf/03-6211.pdf
3/14/2003	03-6210	New York	Oneida Nation of New York; Oneida Tribe of Wisconsin; Onondaga Nation of New York	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2003-03-14/pdf/03-6210.pdf
8/1/2003	03-18705	Massachusetts	Nipmuc Nation (non-Federally Recognized)	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2003-08-01/pdf/03-18705.pdf
8/14/2003	03-20754	Massachusetts	Cultural affiliation: Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head; Cultural Relationship : Assonet Band of the Wampanoag Nation; Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2003-08-14/pdf/03-20754.pdf
8/14/2003	03-20757	Massachusetts	Cultural affiliation: Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head; Cultural Relationship : Assonet Band of the Wampanoag Nation; Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2003-08-14/pdf/03-20757.pdf
12/1/2003	03-29769	Massachusetts	Cultural affiliation: Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head; Cultural Relationship : Assonet Band of the Wampanoag Nation; Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe;	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2003-12-01/pdf/03-29767.pdf
12/1/2003	03-29767	Rhode Island	Narragansett Indian Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2003-12-01/pdf/03-29767.pdf
12/1/2003	03-29776	Arizona	Navajo Nation, Arizona, New Mexico & Utah	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2003-12-01/pdf/03-29776.pdf
12/10/2003	03-30567	Rhode Island	Narragansett Indian Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2003-12-10/pdf/03-30567.pdf

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1/6/2004	04-145	New York	Cayuga Nation of New York; Oneida Nation of New York; Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin; Onondaga Nation of New York; Seneca Nation of New York; Seneca-Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma; Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe New York; Tonawanda Band of Seneca Indians of New York; Tuscarora Nation of New York	g/FR-2004-01-06/pdf/04-145.pdf
1/6/2004	04-143	New York	Cayuga Nation of New York; Oneida Nation of New York; Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin; Onondaga Nation of New York; Seneca Nation of New York; Seneca-Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma; Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe New York; Tonawanda Band of Seneca Indians of New York; Tuscarora Nation of New York	g/FR-2004-01-06/pdf/04-143.pdf
6/21/2004	04-13925	Arizona	Ak Chin Indian Community of the Maricopa (Ak Chin) Indian Reservation; Gila River Indian Community; Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community; Tohono O'odham Nation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2004-06-21/pdf/04-13925.pdf
6/21/2004	04-13929	New Mexico	Navajo Nation, Arizona, New Mexico & Utah	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2004-06-21/pdf/04-13929.pdf
7/16/2004	04-16146	"Apache", NM & SW US	Apache Tribe of Oklahoma; Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation; Fort Sill Apache Tribe of Oklahoma; Jicarilla Apache Nation; Mescalero Apache Tribe of the Mescalero Reservation; San Carlos Apache Tribe of the San Carlos Reservation; Tonto Apache Tribe of Arizona; White Mountain Apache Tribe of the Fort Apache Reservation; Yavapai-Apache Nation of the Camp Verde Indian Reservation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2004-07-16/pdf/04-16146.pdf
9/14/2004	04-20645	New Mexico	Pueblo of Jemez	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2004-09-14/pdf/04-20645.pdf
11/23/2004	04-25925	Arizona	Navajo Nation, Arizona, New Mexico & Utah	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2004-11-23/pdf/04-25925.pdf
1/6/2005	05-243	New Mexico	Zuni Tribe of the Zuni Reservation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2005-01-06/pdf/05-243.pdf
1/6/2005	05-242	New Mexico	Zuni Tribe of the Zuni Reservation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2005-01-06/pdf/05-242.pdf
6/1/2005	05-10813	New Mexico	Pueblo of Jemez	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2005-06-01/pdf/05-10813.pdf
8/25/2005	05-16881	Rhode Island	Narragansett Indian Tribe of Rhode Island	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2005-08-25/pdf/05-16881.pdf
8/30/2006	E6-14471	Minnesota	Bois Forte (Nett Lake) Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2006-08-30/pdf/E6-14471.pdf
12/7/2006	E6-20702	Massachusetts	Cultural affiliation: Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head; Cultural Relationship : Assonet Band of the Wampanoag Nation; Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2006-12-07/pdf/E6-20702.pdf
12/7/2006	E6-20749	Massachusetts	Cultural affiliation: Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head; Cultural Relationship : Assonet Band of the Wampanoag Nation; Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2006-12-07/pdf/E6-20749.pdf
12/7/2006	E6-20750	Massachusetts	Wampanoag Repatriation Confederation:; Cultural affiliation: Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head; Cultural Relationship: Assonet Band of the Wampanoag Nation; Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2006-12-07/pdf/E6-20750.pdf
12/7/2006	E6-20701	Oklahoma	Osage Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2006-12-07/pdf/E6-20701.pdf
3/15/2007	E7-4727	Massachusetts	Cultural affiliation: Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head; Cultural Relationship : Assonet Band of the Wampanoag Nation; Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2007-03-15/pdf/E7-4727.pdf
7/30/2007	E7-14578	New Jersey, Pennsylvania	Cherokee Nation, Oklahoma, on behalf of Delaware Tribe of Indians; Delaware Nation, Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2007-07-30/pdf/E7-14578.pdf

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7/30/2007	E7-14625	New Jersey, Pennsylvania	Cherokee Nation, Oklahoma, on behalf of Delaware Tribe of Indians; Delaware Nation, Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2007-07-30/pdf/E7-14625.pdf
8/24/2007	E7-16780	New York	Cayuga Nation of New York; Oneida Nation of New York; Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin; Onondaga Nation of New York; Seneca Nation of New York; Seneca-Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma; Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe New York; Tonawanda Band of Seneca Indians of New York; Tuscarora Nation of New York	g/FR-2007-08-24/pdf/E7-16780.pdf
8/13/2008	E8-18686	Michigan	Keweenaw Bay Indian Community	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2008-08-13/pdf/E8-18686.pdf
10/7/2008	E8-23694	New Jersey, Pennsylvania	Cherokee Nation, Oklahoma, on behalf of Delaware Tribe of Indians; Delaware Nation, Oklahoma; Stockbridge Munsee Community	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2008-10-07/pdf/E8-23694.pdf
10/7/2008	E8-23696	New Jersey, Pennsylvania	Cherokee Nation,Oklahoma, on behalf of Delaware Tribe of Indians; Delaware Nation, Oklahoma; Stockbridge Munsee Community	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2008-10-07/pdf/E8-23696.pdf
3/12/2009	E9-5333	Washington	Coeur D'Alene Tribe ; Confederated Tribes of Colville Reservation, Washington; Nez Perce Tribe; Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation, Oregon; Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation of Oregon; Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Nation, Washington	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2009-03-12/pdf/E9-5333.pdf
7/24/2009	E9-17668	Arizona	White Mountain Apache Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2009-07-24/pdf/E9-17668.pdf
10/28/2009	00-27370	Nebraska	Omaha Tribe of Nebraska	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2000-10-25/pdf/00-27370.pdf
10/28/2009	E9-25966	Alaska	Sealaska Corporation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2009-10-28/pdf/E9-25966.pdf
10/28/2009	E9-25968	Alaska	Sealaska Corporation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2009-10-28/pdf/E9-25968.pdf
2/25/2010	2010-3767	California?	Buena Vista Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California; California Valley Miwok Tribe, California; Chicken Ranch Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California; Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria; Ione Band of Miwok Indians of California; Jackson Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California; Shingle Springs Band of Miwok Indians, Shingle Springs Rancheria (Verona Tract); Tuolumne Band of Me-Wuk Indians of the Tuolumne Rancheria of California; United Auburn Indian Community of the Auburn Rancheria of California; Wilton Rancheria	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2010-02-25/pdf/2010- 3767.pdf
3/2/2010	2010-4213	Iroquois	Cayuga Nation of New York; Oneida Nation of New York; Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin; Onondaga Nation of New York; Seneca Nation of New York; Seneca-Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma; Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe; Tonawanda Band of Seneca Indians of New York; Tuscarora Nation of New York	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2010-03-02/pdf/2010- 4213.pdf
5/21/2010	2010-12275	Michigan	Saginaw Chippewa Indian Tribe	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2010-05-21/pdf/2010- 12275.pdf
6/11/2010	2010-14043	Massachusetts	Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe; Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah) of Massachusetts; cultural relationship: Assonet Band of the Wampanoag Nation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2010-06-11/pdf/2010- 14043.pdf
9/24/2010	2010-23906	Louisiana	Tunica-Biloxi Indian Tribe of Lousiana	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2010-09-24/pdf/2010- 23906.pdf

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3/15/2011	2011-5867	New York	Cayuga Nation of New York; Oneida Nation of New York; Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin; Onondaga Nation of New York; Seneca Nation of New York; Seneca-Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma; Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe; Tonawanda Band of Seneca Indians of New York; Tuscarora Nation of New York	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2011-03-15/pdf/2011- 5867.pdf
3/15/2011	2011-5870	Michigan	Keweenaw Bay Indian Community	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2011-03-15/pdf/2011- 5870.pdf
10/11/2011	2011-26158	New York	Cayuga Nation of New York; Oneida Nation of New York; Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin; Onondaga Nation of New York; Seneca Nation of New York; Seneca-Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma; Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe; Tonawanda Band of Seneca Indians of New York; Tuscarora Nation of New York	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2011-10-11/pdf/2011- 26158.pdf
8/2/2012	2012-18947	New Jersey, Pennsylvania	Delaware Nation, Oklahoma; Delaware Tribe of Indians, Oklahoma; Stockbridge Munsee community, Wisconsin	https://public- inspection.federalregister.gov/2012- 18947.pdf?1343825609
8/2/2012	2012-18949	New Jersey, Pennsylvania	Delaware Nation, Oklahoma; Delaware Tribe of Indians, Oklahoma; Stockbridge Munsee community, Wisconsin	https://public- inspection.federalregister.gov/2012- 18949.pdf?1343825593
12/11/2015	2015-31316	Michigan	Saginaw Chippewa Indian Tribe of Michigan	https://public- inspection.federalregister.gov/2015- 31316.pdf?1449755248
4/26/2016	2016-10068	"Apache, Southwest"	San Carlos Apache Tribe of the San Carlos Reservation; Tonto Apache Tribe of Arizona; White Mountain Apache Tribe of the Fort Apache Reservation; Yavapai-Apache Nation of the Camp Verde Indian Reservation	https://public- inspection.federalregister.gov/2016- 10068.pdf?1461847605
10/3/2016	2016-23806	Michigan	Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake) of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (previously listed as the Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Fond du Lac Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Grand Portage Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Leech Lake Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Little River Band of Ottawa Indians, Michigan; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan; Mille Lacs Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Ottawa Tribe of Oklahoma; Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota; Saginaw Chippewa Indian Tribe of Michigan; Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Wisconsin; St. Croix Chippewa Indians of North Dakota; White Earth Band of Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota	https://public-inspection.federalregister.gov/2016-23806.pdf?1475239574

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10/3/2016	2016-23807	Michigan	Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake) of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (previously listed as the Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Citizen Potawatomi Nation, Oklahoma; Fond du Lac Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Forest County Potawatomi Community, Wisconsin; Grand Portage Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Reservation of Wisconsin; Lac Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Leech Lake Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan; Mitch-e-be-nash-she-wish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan; Mille Lacs Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi, Michigan (previously listed as the Huron Potawatomi, Inc.); Ottawa Tribe of Oklahoma; Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Nation (previously listed as the Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation (previously listed as the Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation, Kansas); Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota; Saginaw Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Wisconsin; St. Croix Chippewa Indians of North	

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10/3/2016	2016-23808	Michigan	Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake) of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (previously listed as the Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Citizen Potawatomi Nation, Oklahoma; Fond du Lac Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Forest County Potawatomi Community, Wisconsin; Grand Portage Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of the Lac du Flambeau Reservation of Wisconsin; Lac Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Leech Lake Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Little River Band of Ottawa Indians, Michigan; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan; Match-e-be-nash-she-wish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan; Mille Lacs Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi, Michigan (previously listed as the Huron Potawatomi, Inc.); Ottawa Tribe of Oklahoma; Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Nation (previously listed as the Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation, Kansas); Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota; Saginaw Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Wisconsin; St. Croix Chippewa Indians of North	https://public-inspection.federalregister.gov/2016-23808.pdf?1475239574
10/3/2016	2016-23809	Michigan	Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake) of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (previously listed as the Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Fond du Lac Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Grand Portage Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of the Lac du Flambeau Reservation of Wisconsin; Lac Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Leech Lake Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Little River Band of Ottawa Indians, Michigan; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan; Mille Lacs Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Ottawa Tribe of Oklahoma; Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota; Saginaw Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Wisconsin; St. Croix Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians of North Dakota; White Earth Band of Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota	https://public- inspection.federalregister.gov/2016- 23809.pdf?1475239575

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10/3/2016	2016-23810	Michigan	Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake) of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (previously listed as the Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Citizen Potawatomi Nation, Oklahoma; Fond du Lac Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Forest County Potawatomi Community, Wisconsin; Grand Portage Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Leech Lake Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Leech Lake Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Little River Band of Ottawa Indians, Michigan; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan; Match-e-be-nash-she-wish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan; Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi, Michigan (previously listed as the Huron Potawatomi, Inc.); Ottawa Tribe of Oklahoma; Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Nation (previously listed as the Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation, Kansas); Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota; Saginaw Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Wisconsin; St. Croix Chippewa Indians of North	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2016-10-03/pdf/2016- 23810.pdf

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10/3/2016	2016-23811	Michigan	Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Little River Band of Ottawa Indians, Michigan; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan; Match-e-benash-she-wish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan; Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi, Michigan (previously listed as the Huron Potawatomi, Inc.); Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians, Michigan and Indiana; Saginaw Chippewa Indian Tribe of Michigan; Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Absentee-Shawnee Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma; Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake) of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (previously listed as the Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Citizen Potawatomi Nation, Oklahoma; Delaware Nation, Oklahoma; Delaware Tribe of Indians; Fond du Lac Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Forest County Potawatomi Community, Wisconsin; Grand Portage Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Ho-Chunk Nation of Wisconsin; Kickapoo Traditional Tribe of Texas; Kickapoo Tribe of Indians of the Kickapoo Reservation in Kansas; Kickapoo Tribe of Oklahoma; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of the Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of the Lac du Flambeau Reservation of Wisconsin; Leech Lake Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Menominee Indian Tribe of Wisconsin; Miami Tribe of Oklahoma; Mille Lacs Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Oneida Nation (previously listed as the Oneida	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2016-10-03/pdf/2016- 23811.pdf

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10/3/2016	2016-23812	Michigan	Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake) of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (previously listed as the Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Citizen Potawatomi Nation, Oklahoma; Fond du Lac Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Forest County Potawatomi Community, Wisconsin; Grand Portage Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Reservation of Wisconsin; Lac Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Leech Lake Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Little River Band of Ottawa Indians, Michigan; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians; Match-E-Be-Nash-She-Wish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan; Mille Lacs Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi, Michigan (previously listed as the Huron Potawatomi, Inc.); Ottawa Tribe of Oklahoma; Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians, Michigan and Indiana; Prairie Band of Potawatomi Indians of Wisconsin; Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota; Saginaw Chippewa Indian, Michigan; Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Wisconsin; St. Croix Chippewa Indians of North Dakota; White Earth Band of Minnesota Chippewa Indians of North Dakota; White Earth Band of Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Wyandotte Nation,	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2016-10-03/pdf/2016- 23812.pdf

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10/3/2016	2016-23813	Michigan	Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake) of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (previously listed as the Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Citizen Potawatomi Nation, Oklahoma; Fond du Lac Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Forest County Potawatomi Community, Wisconsin; Grand Portage Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Leech Lake Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Leech Lake Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Little River Band of Ottawa Indians, Michigan; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians; Match-E-Be-Nash-She-Wish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan; Mille Lacs Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi, Inc.); Ottawa Tribe of Oklahoma; Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians, Michigan and Indians, Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation, Kansas; Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians, Minnesota; Saginaw Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Wisconsin; St. Croix Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians of North Dakota; White Earth Band of Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota Chippewa Indians of Morth Dakota; White Earth Band of Chippewa Indians of North Dakota; White Earth Band of Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Wyandotte Nation,	
5/21/2018	2018-10781	California	Bear River Band of Rohnerville Rancheria, California; Blue Lake Rancheria, California; Wiyot Tribe, California (previously Table Bluff ResearvationWiyot Tribe)	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2018-05-21/pdf/2018- 10781.pdf
12/21/2018	2018-27702	Tennessee	Cherokee Nation; Eastern band of Cherokee Indians; The Chickasaw Nation; United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2018-12-21/pdf/2018- 27702.pdf
12/21/2018	2018-27705	Tennessee	Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; Cherokee Nation; United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2018-12-21/pdf/2018- 27705.pdf
12/21/2018	2018-27701	Tennessee	Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; Cherokee Nation; United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2018-12-21/pdf/2018- 27701.pdf
12/21/2018	2018-27703	Tennessee	Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; Cherokee Nation; United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2018-12-21/pdf/2018- 27703.pdf
12/21/2018	2018-27704	Tennessee	Cherokee Nation; Eastern band of Cherokee Indians; The Chickasaw Nation; United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2018-12-21/pdf/2018- 27704.pdf
12/21/2018	2018-27700	Mississippi	The Chickasaw Nation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2018-12-21/pdf/2018- 27700.pdf
7/9/2019	2019-14567	Pennsylvania	Delaware Nation, Oklahoma; Delaware Tribe of Indians; Stockbridge Munsee Community, Wisconsin	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2019-07-09/pdf/2019- 14567.pdf
8/20/2020	2020-18228	Massachusetts	Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe (previously listed as Mashpee Wampanoag Indian Tribal Council, Inc.); Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah); Aroostook Band of Micmacs [previously listed as Aroostook Band of Micmac Indians]	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2020-08-20/pdf/2020- 18228.pdf

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9/17/2020	2020-20514	Massachusetts	Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe (previously listed as Mashpee Wampanoag Indian Tribal Council, Inc.); Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah); Aroostook Band of Micmacs [previously listed as Aroostook Band of Micmac Indians]	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2020-09-17/pdf/2020- 20514.pdf
8/11/2021	2021-17059	Maine	Aroostook Band of Micmacs [previously listed as Aroostook Band of Micmac Indians]; Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians; Passamaquoddy Tribe; Penobscot Nation [previously listed as Penobscot Tribe of Maine]	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2021-08-11/pdf/2021- 17059.pdf
8/11/2021	2021-17064	New Jersey, Pennsylvania	Delaware Nation, Oklahoma; Delaware Tribe of Indians; Stockbridge Munsee Community, Wisconsin	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2021-08-11/pdf/2021- 17064.pdf
8/11/2021	2021-17060	New Jersey, Pennsylvania	Delaware Nation, Oklahoma; Delaware Tribe of Indians; Stockbridge Munsee Community, Wisconsin	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2021-08-11/pdf/2021- 17060.pdf
8/11/2021	2021-17063	New Jersey	Delaware Nation, Oklahoma; Delaware Tribe of Indians; Stockbridge Munsee Community, Wisconsin	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2021-08-11/pdf/2021- 17063.pdf
9/20/2021	2021-20262	Minnesota	Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota (White Earth Band)	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2021-09-20/pdf/2021- 20262.pdf
12/17/2021	2021-27363	Mississippi	The Chickasaw Nation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2021-12-17/pdf/2021- 27363.pdf
12/17/2021	2021-27364	Tennessee	The Chickasaw Nation; Cherokee Nation; Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2021-12-17/pdf/2021- 27364.pdf
1/27/2022	2022-01650	New York	Onondaga Nation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-01-27/pdf/2022- 01650.pdf

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1/27/2022	2022-01651	Michigan	Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake) of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (previously listed as the Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Citizen Potawatomi Nation, Oklahoma; Fond du Lac Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Forest County Potawatomi Community, Wisconsin; Grand Portage Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of the Lac du Flambeau Reservation of Wisconsin; Lac Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of the Minnesota Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Leech Lake Band of Ottawa Indians, Michigan; Little Shell Tribe of Chippewa Indians of Montana; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan; Match-e-be-nash-shewish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan; Mille Lacs Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi, Michigan (previously listed as the Huron Potawatomi, Inc.); Ottawa Tribe of Oklahoma; Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians, Michigan and Indiana; Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation (previously listed as the Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation (previously listed as the Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation (previously listed as the Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation, Kansas); Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota; Saginaw Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Wisconsin; St. Croix Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians of North Dakota; White Earth Band of Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota	

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1/27/2022	2022-01652	Michigan	Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake) of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (previously listed as the Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Citizen Potawatomi Nation, Oklahoma; Fond du Lac Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Forest County Potawatomi Community, Wisconsin; Grand Portage Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of the Lac du Flambeau Reservation of Wisconsin; Lac Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Leech Lake Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Little River Band of Ottawa Indians, Michigan; Little Shell Tribe of Chippewa Indians of Montana; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan; Match-e-be-nash-shewish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan; Mille Lacs Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi, Michigan (previously listed as the Huron Potawatomi, Inc.); Ottawa Tribe of Oklahoma; Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians, Michigan and Indiana; Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation (previously listed as the Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation, Kansas); Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Wisconsin; St. Croix Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians of North Dakota; White Earth Band of Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota	

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1/27/2022	2022-01653	Michigan	Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake) of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (previously listed as the Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Citizen Potawatomi Nation, Oklahoma; Fond du Lac Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Forest County Potawatomi Community, Wisconsin; Grand Portage Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of the Lac du Flambeau Reservation of Wisconsin; Lac Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of the Minnesota Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Leech Lake Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Leech Lake Band of Ottawa Indians, Michigan; Little Shell Tribe of Chippewa Indians of Montana; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan; Match-e-be-nash-shewish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan; Mille Lacs Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi, Michigan (previously listed as the Huron Potawatomi, Inc.); Ottawa Tribe of Oklahoma; Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians, Michigan and Indians; Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation (previously listed as the Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation (previously listed as the Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation (previously listed as the Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation, Kansas); Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota; Saginaw Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Wisconsin; St. Croix Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians of North Dakota; White Earth Band of Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota	

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1/27/2022	2022-01654	Michigan	Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake) of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (previously listed as the Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Citizen Potawatomi Nation, Oklahoma; Fond du Lac Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Forest County Potawatomi Community, Wisconsin; Grand Portage Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Reservation of Wisconsin; Lac Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Hotawa Indians, Michigan; Little Shell Tribe of Chippewa Indians of Montana; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan; Match-e-be-nash-shewish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan; Mille Lacs Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi, Michigan (previously listed as the Huron Potawatomi, Inc.); Ottawa Tribe of Oklahoma; Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians, Michigan and Indiana; Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation (previously listed as the Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation, Kansas); Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota; Saginaw Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Wisconsin; St. Croix Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians of North Dakota; White Earth Band of Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-01-27/pdf/2022- 01654.pdf

Pub. Date	FR Doc. #	<u>Provenience</u>	<u>Cultural Affiliation/ Disposition</u>	Link
1/27/2022	2022-01655	Michigan	Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake) of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (previously listed as the Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Citizen Potawatomi Nation, Oklahoma; Fond du Lac Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Forest County Potawatomi Community, Wisconsin; Grand Portage Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of the Lac du Flambeau Reservation of Wisconsin; Lac Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of the Lac du Flambeau Reservation of Wisconsin; Lec' Lake Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Little River Band of Ottawa Indians, Michigan; Little Shell Tribe of Chippewa Indians of Montana; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan; Match-e-be-nash-shewish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan; Mille Lacs Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota; Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi, Michigan (previously listed as the Huron Potawatomi Indians, Michigan and Indiana; Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation (previously listed as the Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation, Kansas); Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota; Saginaw Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Wisconsin; St. Croix Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians of North Dakota; White Earth Band of Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-01-27/pdf/2022- 01655.pdf
5/13/2022	2022-10265	Unknown	The Chickasaw Nation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-05-13/pdf/2022- 10265.pdf
7/14/2022	2022-15038	New York	Cayuga Nation; Oneida Indian Nation; Oneida Nation; Onondaga Nation; Seneca Nation of Indians; Seneca-Cayuga Nation; Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe; Tonawanda Band of Seneca; Tuscarora Nation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-07-14/pdf/2022- 15038.pdf
7/14/2022	2022-15039	New York	Cayuga Nation; Oneida Indian Nation; Oneida Nation; Onondaga Nation; Seneca Nation of Indians; Seneca-Cayuga Nation; Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe; Tonawanda Band of Seneca; Tuscarora Nation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-07-14/pdf/2022- 15039.pdf
9/12/2022	2022–19618	Massachusetts	Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe (previously listed as Mashpee Wampanoag Indian Tribal Council, Inc.); Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah)	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-09-12/pdf/2022- 19618.pdf
9/15/2022	2022-19976	Tennessee	Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; Cherokee Nation; United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-09-15/pdf/2022- 19976.pdf
9/15/2022	2022-19977	Tennessee	Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; Cherokee Nation; United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-09-15/pdf/2022- 19977.pdf
9/15/2022	2022-19978	Tennessee	Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; Cherokee Nation; United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-09-15/pdf/2022- 19978.pdf
11/18/2022	2022-25136	Massachusetts	Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe (previously listed as Mashpee Wampanoag Indian Tribal Council, Inc.); Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah)	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-11-18/pdf/2022- 25136.pdf
11/18/2022	2022-25137	Massachusetts	Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe (previously listed as Mashpee Wampanoag Indian Tribal Council, Inc.); Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah)	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-11-18/pdf/2022- 25137.pdf

Pub. Date	FR Doc. #	<u>Provenience</u>	Cultural Affiliation/ Disposition	Link
12/15/2022	2022-27181	Alabama	Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas (prevoiusly listed as Alabama-Coushatta Tribes of Texas; Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town; Coushatta Tribe of Louisiana; Jena Band of Choctaw Indians; Seminole Tribe of Florida (previously listed as Seminole Tribe of Florida (Dania, Big Cypress, Brighton, Hollywood, & Tampa Reservations); The Chickasaw Nation; The Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma; The Muscogee (Creek) Nation; The Seminole Nation of Oklahoma; Thlopthlocco Tribal Town	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-12-15/pdf/2022- 27181.pdf
12/15/2022	2022-27182	Alabama	Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas (prevoiusly listed as Alabama-Coushatta Tribes of Texas; Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town; Coushatta Tribe of Louisiana; Jena Band of Choctaw Indians; Seminole Tribe of Florida (previously listed as Seminole Tribe of Florida (Dania, Big Cypress, Brighton, Hollywood, & Tampa Reservations); The Chickasaw Nation; The Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma; The Muscogee (Creek) Nation; The Seminole Nation of Oklahoma; Thlopthlocco Tribal Town	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2022-12-15/pdf/2022- 27182.pdf
4/26/2023	2023-08812	Tennessee	Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; Cherokee Nation; United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2023-04-26/pdf/2023- 08812.pdf
5/10/2023	2023-09894	South Dakota and Nevada	Oneida Nation	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2023-05-10/pdf/2023- 09894.pdf
5/10/2023	2023-09895	California	Three direct lineal descendants	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2023-05-10/pdf/2023- 09895.pdf
5/10/2023	2023-09896	California	Quechan Tribe of Fort Yuma Indian Reservation, California & Arizona	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2023-05-10/pdf/2023- 09896.pdf
5/10/2023	2023-09897	Oklahoma	Pawnee Nation of Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2023-05-10/pdf/2023- 09897.pdf
5/10/2023	2023-09898	Arizona and California	Tohono O'odham Nation of Arizona	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2023-05-10/pdf/2023- 09898.pdf
5/10/2023	2023-09899	New Mexico	Pueblo of Santa Ana, New Mexico	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2023-05-10/pdf/2023- 09899.pdf
5/10/2023	2023-09900	Alaksa	Native Village of Chitina	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2023-05-10/pdf/2023- 09900.pdf
5/24/2023	2023-11012	Tennessee	Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; Cherokee Nation; United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pk g/FR-2023-05-24/pdf/2023- 11012.pdf

			Warren Anatomical Museum, Harvard University NAGPRA Federal Register Notices	
Pub. Date	FR Doc. #	<u>Provenience</u>	Cultural Affiliation / Disposition	Link
5/7/2009	E9-10547	Hawaii	Hui Malama I Na Kupuna O Hawai'i Nei, Oahu Island Burial Council, and the Office of Hawaiian Affairs	https://www.federalregister.gov/do cuments/2009/05/07/E9- 10547/notice-of-inventory- completion-warren-anatomical- museum-harvard-university-boston- ma
5/7/2009	E9-10594	Hawaii	Hawaii Island Burial Council, Hui Malama I Na Kupuna O Hawai'i Nei, and the Office of Hawaiian Affairs	https://www.federalregister.gov/do cuments/2009/05/07/E9- 10594/notice-of-inventory- completion-warren-anatomical- museum-harvard-university-boston- ma
5/7/2009	E9-10597	Hawaii	Hui Malama I Na Kupuna O Hawai'i Nei and the Office of Hawaiian Affairs	https://www.federalregister.gov/do cuments/2009/05/07/E9- 10597/notice-of-inventory- completion-warren-anatomical- museum-harvard-university-boston- ma
9/22/2009	E9-22776	Massachusetts	Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe, Massachusetts; Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah) of Massachusetts; and Assonet Band of the Wampanoag Nation	https://www.federalregister.gov/do cuments/2009/09/22/E9- 22776/notice-of-inventory- completion-warren-anatomical- museum-harvard-university-boston- ma
10/28/2009	E9-25967	Florida	Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida, Seminole Nation of Oklahoma, and Seminole Tribe of Florida	https://www.federalregister.gov/do cuments/2009/10/28/E9- 25967/notice-of-inventory- completion-warren-anatomical- museum-harvard-university-boston- ma
9/22/2009	E9-22777	Unknown location; "an Indian, one of the Six Nations"	Cayuga Nation of New York; Oneida Nation of New York; Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin; Onondaga Nation of New York; Seneca Nation of New York; Seneca-Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma; Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe, New York; Tonawanda Band of Seneca Indians of New York; and Tuscarora Nation of New York	https://www.federalregister.gov/do cuments/2009/09/22/E9- 22777/notice-of-inventory- completion-warren-anatomical- museum-harvard-university-boston- ma
12/9/2009	E9-29292	Connecticut	Mohegan Tribe of Indians of Connecticut	https://www.federalregister.gov/do cuments/2009/12/09/E9- 29292/notice-of-inventory- completion-warren-anatomical- museum-harvard-university-boston- ma
11/18/2022	2022-25125	Massachusetts	Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe, Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah)	https://www.federalregister.gov/do cuments/2022/11/18/2022- 25125/notice-of-inventory- completion-warren-anatomical- museum-harvard-university-boston- ma

Pub. Date	FR Doc. #	<u>Provenience</u>	<u>Cultural Affiliation/ Disposition</u>	Link
11/18/2022	2022-25126	Massachusetts	Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe, Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah)	https://www.federalregister.gov/do cuments/2022/11/18/2022- 25126/notice-of-inventory- completion-warren-anatomical- museum-harvard-university-boston- ma
8/3/2020	2020-16776	Massachusetts	Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe, Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah)	https://www.federalregister.gov/do cuments/2020/08/03/2020- 16776/notice-of-inventory- completion-warren-anatomical- museum-harvard-university-boston- ma

<u>Region</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Unique</u>	e Sites
		<u>1995</u>	<u>2023</u>
1. Hawaii	Hawaii	45	0
2. New England			
	Connecticut	8	4
	Maine	45	0
	Massachusetts	174	14
	New Hampshire	7	0
	Rhode Island	13	5
	Vermont	2	0
	subtotal	249	23
3. Mid-Atlantic			
	Delaware	4	1
	Maryland	2	1
	New Jersey	22	2
	New York	32	10
	Pennsylvania	4	0
	Virginia	12	11
	West Virginia	0	0
	subtotal	76	25
4. Southeast			
	Alabama	5	2
	Arkansas	20	20
	Florida	86	64
	Georgia	10	3
	Kentucky	23	21
	Louisiana	2	21
	Mississippi	11	11
	North Carolina	2	4
	South Carolina	3	3
	Tennessee	80	24
	subtotal	242	173
5. Southwest			
	Arizona	110	105
	New Mexico	63	51
	Texas	12	13
	subtotal	185	169
6. Great Lakes			
	Indiana	5	3
	Michigan	20	0
	Minnesota	0	0
	Ohio	66	44
	Wisconsin	15	9
	subtotal	106	56

B. 1	0111			
Region	<u>State</u>		<u>Unique Sites</u>	
		<u>1995</u>	<u>2023</u>	
7. Alaska & California				
	Alaska	18	3	
	California	33	24	
	subtotal	51	27	
8. Northwest & Plateau				
	Idaho	0	0	
	Montana	0	0	
	Oregon	3	6	
	Washington	8	4	
	Wyoming	0	0	
	Colorado	32	19	
	Nevada	3	0	
	Utah	19	18	
	subtotal	65	47	
9. Midwest & Great Plains				
	lowa	7	4	
	Illinois	36	30	
	Kansas	9	7	
	Missouri	9	11	
	Nebraska	24	6	
	North Dakota	5	1	
	Oklahoma	4	2	
	South Dakota	2	0	
	subtotal	96	61	
TOTAL		1115	581	